

**Studienkolleg bei den Universitäten des Freistaates Bayern  
Aufnahmeprüfung zum Wintersemester 2008/09  
Englischtest für W-Kurse**

**Zeit: 60 Minuten, Hilfsmittel: keine**

**Prüfungsnummer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Erreichte Punkte (von 100) :** \_\_\_\_\_

**Teil I (Grammatik, 15 Punkte):** Kreuzen Sie bitte den Buchstaben der richtigen Antwort an.

1. English \_\_\_\_\_ all over the world.  
a) *is being spoken*      b) *is spoken*      c) *has spoken*      d) *is spoken*
2. You \_\_\_\_\_ fail the test, if you want to study.  
a) *must 'n*      b) *must*      c) *needn 't*      d) *haven 't to*
3. Where \_\_\_\_\_ from?  
a) *are you coming*      b) *come you*      c) *do you come*      d) *are you come*
4. \_\_\_\_\_ book is this?  
a) *Whose*      b) *Whom*      c) *of who*      d) *from who*
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Susan yesterday?  
a) *Did you visit*      b) *Visited you*      c) *Have you visited*      d) *Did you visited*
6. How old \_\_\_\_\_ when you got married?  
a) *was you*      b) *were you*      c) *had you been*      d) *have you been*
7. I hope he didn't \_\_\_\_\_ a mistake.  
a) *do*      b) *made*      c) *make*      d) *maked*
8. He \_\_\_\_\_ at eight o'clock.  
a) *normally gets up*      b) *gets up normally*      c) *gets normally up*      d) *gets up normal*
9. Every day he \_\_\_\_\_ work at three o'clock  
a) *is starting*      b) *start*      c) *starts*      d) *has started*
10. He works \_\_\_\_\_ his house  
a) *near*      b) *in the near of*      c) *near of*      d) *near at*
11. Peter speaks English, but he \_\_\_\_\_ French.  
a) *doesn't speak*      b) *isn't speaking*      c) *don't speaks*      d) *not speaks*
12. Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been \_\_\_\_\_ Ireland?  
a) *ever .... to*      b) *ever ..... in*      c) *ever .... at*      d) *never ..... in*
13. I took your umbrella \_\_\_\_\_ .  
a) *by chance*      b) *by fortune*      c) *by mistake*      d) *by error*
14. Peter thinks that Munich is \_\_\_\_\_ London..  
a) *nicer to*      b) *more nice than*      c) *nicer than*      d) *more nice as*
15. If I \_\_\_\_\_ money, I \_\_\_\_\_ travel.  
a) *had .. would*      b) *will have ...would*      c) *would have..would*      d) *had had.. would*

**Teil II (C-Test, 50 Punkte)** Ergänzen Sie bitte die zweite Hälfte der Wörter. Die fehlenden Teile sind (fast) genau so lang, wie die angegebenen Teile.

**Text A:**

My name is Xian. I do \_\_\_\_\_ think y\_\_\_\_\_ can pron\_\_\_\_\_ my la\_\_\_\_\_ name. I fi\_\_\_\_\_ came t\_\_\_\_\_ Munich fi\_\_\_\_\_ years a\_\_\_\_\_ to st\_\_\_\_\_ medicine. I mo\_\_\_\_\_ into an apar\_\_\_\_\_ which I sha\_\_\_\_\_ with th\_\_\_\_\_ other stud\_\_\_\_\_ w\_\_\_\_\_ were rea\_\_\_\_\_ nice. I h\_\_\_\_\_ no prob\_\_\_\_\_ making fri\_\_\_\_\_ here bec\_\_\_\_\_ every\_\_\_\_\_ I m\_\_\_\_\_ at univ\_\_\_\_\_ was ver\_\_\_\_\_ nice a\_\_\_\_\_ helpful.

Now we've finished our studies and my room-mates have all left Munich and accepted jobs in other cities. **(25P)**

**Text B:**

The level of foreign language skills is quite low in the UK. Mo\_\_\_\_\_ English d\_\_\_\_\_ not sp\_\_\_\_\_ any fore\_\_\_\_\_ language. Th\_\_\_\_\_ say th\_\_\_\_\_ it i\_\_\_\_\_ not nece\_\_\_\_\_ because ever\_\_\_\_\_ understands th\_\_\_\_\_. The gover\_\_\_\_\_ wants t\_\_\_\_\_ change th\_\_\_\_\_. Every sch\_\_\_\_\_ should off\_\_\_\_\_ a fore\_\_\_\_\_ language t\_\_\_\_\_ every ch\_\_\_\_\_. There a\_\_\_\_\_ generations o\_\_\_\_\_ people w\_\_\_\_\_ did n\_\_\_\_\_ have t\_\_\_\_\_ opportunity t\_\_\_\_\_ le\_\_\_\_\_ languages.

Some of them try therefore to learn a language as adults, particularly Spanish, as Spain is the most popular European holiday destination for the British. **(25P)**

**Teil III (Leseverstehen, 35 Punkte):** Lesen Sie den Text und kreuzen Sie den Buchstaben der richtigen Antwort an. Nur EINE Antwort ist jeweils richtig.

**Land of the Giants**

\_\_\_\_\_ the politicians. Big business is now the most powerful force on earth. Countries don't matter any more. Companies do. Don't worry about who wins the next general election. Worry about who's running General Electric. Company presidents, not White House presidents, are finally in charge. Nearly as many people work for General Motors as live in Wales. Fewer than four  
5 hundred billionaires control as much capital as half the global population. Bill Gates alone is worth more than a hundred and thirty-five countries. If we compare the biggest companies' annual turnover with national GDP, Philip Morris makes more money than New Zealand, Ford makes more than Thailand, and Exxon Mobil as much as South Africa and Nigeria put together.

10 Just three hundred corporations control 25% of all the productive assets on earth. Within the next ten years, many multinationals could open their own embassies and even start issuing their own currency! Impossible? Not according to futurists, Jim Taylor and Watts Wacker. They argue that as cross-border trade increases, national frontiers become increasingly \_\_\_\_\_ and global business begins to take over from government. Goodbye United Nations. Hello United  
15 Corporations.

\_\_\_\_\_ alone may not guarantee competitiveness, but to go from innovation to mass production quickly and efficiently takes a big company with substantial resources and an aggressive marketing strategy. In the words of Andrew Grove, head of Intel: "We don't beat the competition, we crush it. Now, more than ever, \_\_\_\_\_."

(241 words)

## Aufgaben zum Text: Land of the Giants

1. Welcher Ausdruck fehlt in Zeile 1? (4P)  
a) *accept*                      b) *support*                      c) *ignore*                      d) *beat*
  
2. Welcher Ausdruck fehlt in Zeile 13? (4P)  
a) *necessary*                      b) *unimportant*                      c) *important*                      d) *urgent*
  
3. Welcher Ausdruck fehlt in Zeile 16? (4P)  
a) *price*                      b) *experience*                      c) *size*                      d) *power*
  
4. Welche Überschrift passt am besten zum zweiten Absatz? (5P)  
a) *The future power of corporations*                      b) *The abolishment of corporations*  
c) *The future of the United Nations*                      d) *The abolishment of cross-border trade*
  
5. Was garantiert laut Aussagen des Textes den Wettbewerb? (4P)  
a) *Innovationen*    b) *Massenproduktion*                      c) *Marketing*                      d) *Know-How*
  
6. Große internationale Unternehmen sind nach Meinung des Autors ..... (4P)  
a) *wettbewerbsfähig*                      b) *kostspielig*                      c) *überflüssig*                      d) *bekannt*
  
7. Welche der folgenden Aussagen ist laut Text richtig? (5P)  
a) *Countries won't exist in the future.*                      b) *There will be more millionaires in the future.*  
c) *Big companies will rule the world in the future.*                      d) *Currencies won't exist in the future.*
  
8. Wie lautet das Ende des Textes? (5P)  
a) *big is out*                      b) *big is beautiful*                      c) *big is crazy*                      d) *big is now*

**Good luck!!**

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**Lösungen**

**Teil I**

1b) 2a) 3c) 4a) 5a) 6b) 7c) 8a) 9c) 10a) 11a) 12a) 13c) 14c)  
15a)

**Teil II**

**Text A:**

(My name is Xian.) I don't think you can pronounce my last name. I first came to Munich five years ago to study medicine. I moved into an apartment which I shared with three/the other students who were really nice. I had no problems making friends here because everybody I met at university was very nice and helpful. (Now we've finished our studies and my room-mates have all left Munich and accepted jobs in other cities.) **(25P)**

**Text B:**

(The level of foreign language skills is quite low in the UK.) Most English do not speak any foreign language. They say that it is not necessary because everybody understands them/theirs. The government wants to change this. Every school should offer a foreign language to every child. There are generations of people who did not have the opportunity to learn languages. (Some of them try therefore to learn a language as adults, particularly Spanish, as Spain is the most popular European holiday destination for the British.) **(25P)**

**Teil III**

1b) 2b) 3c) 4a) 5c) 6a) 7c) 8b)

**Erreichte Punkte (von 100) : \_\_\_\_\_**